

# Exercises Lecture 17 - Solutions

**Ex III.6.1**  $\text{COV}(a_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m a_i x_i, b_0 + \sum_{j=1}^n b_j y_j)$

$$= \text{COV}(a_0 + \underline{a}' \underline{x}, b_0 + \underline{b}' \underline{y})$$

$$= \underline{a}' \text{COV}(\underline{x}, \underline{y}) \underline{b} \quad \text{by Ex III.5.2 (ii)}$$

where  $\underline{a} = (a_1, \dots, a_m)'$   
 $\underline{b} = (b_1, \dots, b_n)'$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n a_i b_j \text{COV}(x_i, y_j)$$

**Ex III.6.2**  $\text{Var}(a_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m a_i x_i)$

$$= \text{Var}(a_0 + \underline{a}' \underline{x}) = \underline{a}' \text{Var}(\underline{x}) \underline{a}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^m a_i a_j \text{COV}(x_i, x_j)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m a_i^2 \text{Var}(x_i) + 2 \sum_{i < j} \text{COV}(x_i, x_j)$$

and when the  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  are uncorrelated

then  $\text{COV}(x_i, x_j) = 0$  when  $i \neq j$  so

$$\text{Var}(a_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m a_i x_i) = \sum_{i=1}^m a_i^2 \text{Var}(x_i)$$

Ex III, 6.3

In the case of the Gaussian random walk

$$X \sim N_0 (A \mu_{10}, A \Gamma A')$$

where  $\mu_{10} = (1, \dots, 1)'$  and  $\Gamma$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & 1 & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ so}$$

$$X \sim N_0 \left( \begin{pmatrix} \mu \\ 2\mu \\ \vdots \\ t\mu \end{pmatrix}, \Gamma^2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ \vdots & 2 & \dots & 2 \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & t \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

In the case of Example III, 6.4

$$X \sim N_{n+1} (A \mu_0, A \Gamma^2 A') \text{ where}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{(n+1) \times (n+2)}$$

$$\text{Therefore } X \sim N_{n+1} (\mu_0, \Gamma^2 \begin{pmatrix} 1+\sigma^2 & \sigma^2 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \sigma^2 & 1+\sigma^2 & \sigma^2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \sigma^2 & \sigma^2 & \ddots & \sigma^2 \\ 0 & & & & \sigma^2 & 1+\sigma^2 \end{pmatrix})$$