

* Collection of sources of uncertainty $(X_t^1, X_t^2, \dots, X_t^n)$ $0 \leq t \leq T$

$$dX_t = \mu_t^x dt + \sigma_t^x dW_t$$

X_t - column vector $(n \times 1)$

$(\sigma_t^x)_{ij} = \sigma_{ij}^x(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n)$ $(n \times n)$

$\begin{pmatrix} W_t^1 \\ W_t^2 \\ \vdots \\ W_t^n \end{pmatrix}$ independent IP-B.m.t.n. $(n \times 1)$

$\hookrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \mu_1^x(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n) \\ \mu_2^x(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n) \\ \vdots \\ \mu_n^x(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n) \end{pmatrix}$ $(n \times 1)$

$$Y_i = \sum_j \sigma_{ij} Z_j, \quad Z_j \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \text{ iid.}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Y_1 \\ \vdots \\ Y_n \end{pmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}; \Sigma\right)$$

$$\Sigma_{ij} = \text{Cov}[Y_i, Y_j] = \text{IE}[Y_i Y_j]$$

$$= \text{IE}\left[\sum_{l,k} \sigma_{il} Z_l \sigma_{jk} Z_k\right] = \sum_{l,k} \sigma_{il} \sigma_{jk} \text{IE}[Z_l Z_k]$$

$\rightarrow \delta_{lk} = \begin{cases} 1, & l=k \\ 0, & l \neq k \end{cases}$

$$= \sum_k \sigma_{ik} \sigma_{jk} = (\sigma \sigma^T)_{ij}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \Delta & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ & & \Delta \end{pmatrix}$$

Cholesky Decomposition of Σ .

* Bank account (B_t) $0 \leq t \leq T$

$$dB_t = r_t B_t dt$$

$\hookrightarrow r(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n)$

* Traded risky assets (F_t^1, \dots, F_t^n) $0 \leq t \leq T$

F_t

$$dF_t = \mu_t^f dt + \sigma_t^f dW_t$$

$\begin{matrix} | & & | \\ n \times 1 & & n \times 1 \\ | & & | \\ n \times 1 & & n \times n \\ | & & | \\ n \times 1 & & n \times 1 \end{matrix}$

$$\mu_t^{f,k} = \mu^{f,k}(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n)$$

$$\sigma_t^{f,ij} = \sigma_{ij}^f(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n)$$

* claim (q_t) $0 \leq t \leq T$ which pays $G_1(X_T) \dots G_n(X_T)$ at T .

x claim $(g_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$ which pays $G_1(X_T) \dots G_n(X_T)$ at T .

$$dg_t = \underbrace{\mu_t^g}_{n \times 1} dt + \underbrace{\sigma_t^g}_{n \times n} dW_t$$

dynamic - hedging:

$$\underbrace{(\alpha_t, \beta_t, -1)}_{n \times 1} \text{ in } \underbrace{(f_t, B_t, g_t)}_{n \times 1}$$

$$V_t = \alpha_t' f_t + \beta_t B_t - g_t$$

$$V_0 = 0 \quad \text{self-financing}$$

$$dV_t = \alpha_t' df_t + \beta_t dB_t - dg_t$$

$$= \alpha_t' (\mu_t^f dt + \sigma_t^f dW_t) + r \beta_t B_t dt$$

$$- (\mu_t^g dt + \sigma_t^g dW_t)$$

$$= (\alpha_t' \mu_t^f + r \beta_t B_t - \mu_t^g) dt + (\alpha_t' \sigma_t^f - \sigma_t^g) dW_t$$

to locally remove risk = $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha_t' = \sigma_t^g (\sigma_t^f)^{-1}}$$

x $\Rightarrow dV_t = A_t dt$, $A_t \in \mathcal{F}_t \Rightarrow A_t = 0$ to avoid arbitrage.

$$\Rightarrow dV_t = 0 \Rightarrow V_t = 0 \Rightarrow \beta_t B_t = g_t - \alpha_t' f_t$$

$$x \quad \alpha_t' \mu_t^f + r_t (g_t - \alpha_t' f_t) - \mu_t^g = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_t' (\mu_t^f - r_t f_t) = \mu_t^g - r_t g_t$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_t^g (\sigma_t^f)^{-1} (\mu_t^f - r_t f_t) = \mu_t^g - r_t g_t$$

\Rightarrow

$$(\sigma_t^f)^{-1} (u_t^f - r_t f_t) = (\sigma_t^g)^{-1} (u_t^g - r_t g_t)$$

= λ_t market price of risk.
(n+1)

so $(\sigma_t^g)^{-1} (u_t^g - r_t g_t) = \lambda_t$

$\Rightarrow u_t^g - r_t g_t = \sigma_t^g \lambda_t$

$\Rightarrow u_t^g - \sigma_t^g \lambda_t = r_t g_t$ ←

recall that,

$$dg_t^i = \underbrace{(\partial_t g_t^i + \mathcal{L}_t^x g_t^i)}_{u_t^g} dt + \sum_{jk} \partial_{x_j} g_t^i \cdot \sigma_{t,jk}^x dw_t^k$$

$\sigma_{t,ik}^g = \sum_j \partial_{x_j} g_t^i \sigma_{t,jk}^x$

$\Rightarrow \partial_t g_t^i + \mathcal{L}_t^x g_t^i - \sum_k \sigma_{t,ik}^g \lambda_{tk} = r_t g_t^i$

$\Rightarrow \partial_t g_t^i + \mathcal{L}_t^x g_t^i - \sum_{kj} \partial_{x_j} g_t^i \sigma_{t,jk}^x \lambda_{tk} = r_t g_t^i$

must hold $\forall (t, x_t) \Rightarrow$ holds for the function g

$$\Rightarrow \partial_t g^i + \sum_j \partial_{x_j} g^i (u_{t,j}^x - \sum_k \sigma_{t,jk}^x \lambda_k) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{jk} \partial_{x_j x_k} g^i (\sigma^x \sigma^{x'})_{jk} = r_t g^i$$

Multi-variate generalized Pricing PDE.

Feynman-Kac:

$$g(t, x) = \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{P}^x} \left[e^{-\int_t^T r_s ds} G(x_T) \mid X_t = x \right]$$

$$dX_t = (u_t^x - \sigma_t^x \lambda_t) dt + \sigma_t^x dw_t^*$$

$$dX_t = (\underbrace{\mu_t^X - \sigma_t^X \lambda_t}_{\text{IP}^* - \text{B.m.kn.}}) dt + \sigma_t^X dW_t^*$$

If all X were traded, then, $\mu_t^X - \sigma_t^X \lambda_t = \underbrace{r_t X_t}$

W_t - B. nbn.

$$F_t = f(t, W_t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} df_t &\stackrel{""}{=} f(t+dt, W_{t+dt}) - f(t, W_t) \\ &= f(t+dt, W_t + dW_t) - f(t, W_t) \\ &= \partial_t f(t, W_t) dt + \partial_w f(t, W_t) dW_t \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \partial_{ww} f(t, W_t) (dW_t)^2 + \dots \\ &= \partial_t f_t dt + \partial_w f_t dW_t + \frac{1}{2} \partial_{ww} f_t dt + \dots \end{aligned}$$

W_t^1, \dots, W_t^n - independent B. nbn.

$$F_t = F(t, W_t^1, \dots, W_t^n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} df_t &\stackrel{""}{=} f(t+dt, W_t^1 + dW_t^1, \dots, W_t^n + dW_t^n) - f_t \\ &= \partial_t f dt + \partial_{w^1} f_t dW_t^1 + \partial_{w^2} f_t dW_t^2 + \dots + \partial_{w^n} f_t dW_t^n \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \partial_{w^i w^j} f_t \cdot dW_t^i dW_t^j + \dots \\ &\quad \quad \quad \hookrightarrow \delta^{ij} dt \\ &= \left[\partial_t f_t + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \delta^{ij} \partial_{w^i w^j} f_t \right] dt + \sum_i \partial_{w^i} f_t dW_t^i + \dots \end{aligned}$$

W_t^1, \dots, W_t^n

$$X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n, \quad dX_t = \underbrace{\mu_t^x}_{n \times 1} dt + \underbrace{\sigma_t^x}_{n \times n} dW_t \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{n \times 1}$$

$$F_t = f(t, X_t^1, \dots, X_t^n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} df_t &\stackrel{""}{=} \partial_t f_t dt + \sum_i \partial_{x^i} f_t dX_t^i \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \partial_{x^i x^j} f_t (dX_t^i dX_t^j) + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 dX_t^i dX_t^j &= () dt^2 + () dt dW_t \\
 &+ \sum_k \sigma_{t,ik}^x dW_t^k \sum_l \sigma_{t,jl}^x dW_t^l \\
 &= \sum_{k,l} \sigma_{t,ik}^x \sigma_{t,jl}^x \underbrace{dW_t^k dW_t^l}_{\hookrightarrow \delta^{kl} dt} \\
 &= \sum_{k,l} \sigma_{t,ik}^x \sigma_{t,jk}^x dt = \underbrace{(\sigma_t^x \sigma_t^{x'})}_{\Sigma_t^x}{}_{ij} dt
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 df_t &= \left(\partial_t f_t + \sum_i \mu_t^{x,i} \partial_{x_i} f_t + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} (\sigma_t^x \sigma_t^{x'})_{ij} \partial_{x_i x_j} f_t \right) dt \\
 &+ \sum_{i,j} \partial_{x_i} f_t \sigma_{t,ij}^x dW_t^j
 \end{aligned}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{L}_t^x f_t}$

$$\mathcal{L}_t^x h(t, x) = \lim_{\Delta t \downarrow 0} \frac{\mathbb{E}[h(t, X_{t+\Delta t}) \mid X_t = x] - h(t, x)}{\Delta t}$$

\hookrightarrow infinitesimal generator of X .

$$\frac{dS_t}{S_t} = r dt + \sigma dW_t^* \quad \sigma = 0$$

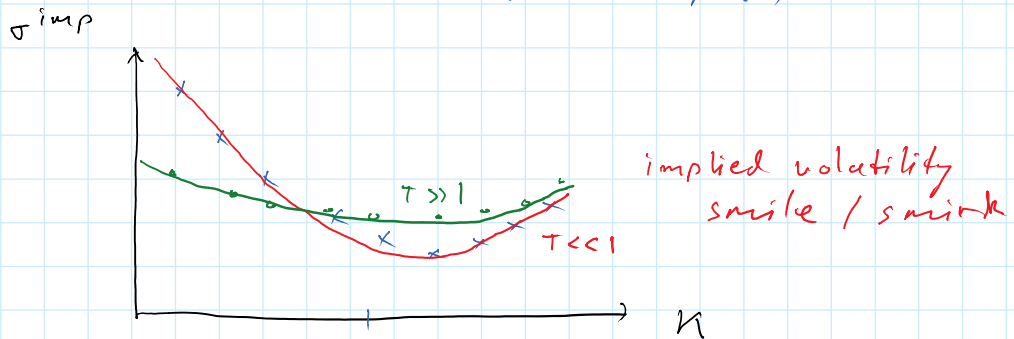
Call option $C(t, S; T, K, \sigma) = \dots$

$$C^{Mkt}(0, 100; 1yr, 100) = \#$$

$\Rightarrow \sigma^{imp}$: implied volatility

$$C^{BS}(t, S; T, K, \sigma^{imp}) = C^{Mkt}(t, S; T, K)$$

$\sigma^{imp}(T, K)$



Heston Model:

$$\frac{dF_t}{F_t} = \sqrt{v_t} dW_t^* \quad \text{IP}^* - \text{B. m.d.n.} \quad [W, B]_t = \rho t$$

$$dv_t = \kappa(\theta - v_t) dt + \eta \sqrt{v_t} dB_t^* \quad \text{rate of mean-reversion} \quad \text{vol-vol}$$

$$dW_t^* = \lambda_t^F dt + dW_t$$

$$dB_t^* = \lambda_t^v dt + dB_t$$

$$\hookrightarrow a v_t^{-1/2} + b v_t^{1/2}$$

$$dv_t = \kappa(\theta - v_t) dt + \eta \sqrt{v_t} (a v_t^{-1/2} + b v_t^{1/2}) dt + dB_t$$

$$= ((\kappa\theta + a\eta) - (\kappa - b\eta)v_t) dt + \eta \sqrt{v_t} dB_t$$

Feller process
 $2\kappa\theta > \eta^2$

$$= \underbrace{(k - b\eta)}_{\downarrow \theta^{\text{IP}}} \left(\underbrace{\left(\frac{k\theta + a\eta}{k - b\eta} \right)}_{\theta^{\text{IP}}} - v_t \right) dt + \eta \sqrt{v_t} dB_t$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad g(t, F, v) = \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{P}^Q} \left[(F_T - K)_+ \mid F_t = F, v_t = v \right]$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{Pricing PDE: } (\partial_t + \mathcal{L}^{F, v}) g = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \downarrow \\ \mathcal{L}g = 0 \cdot \partial_F g + k(\theta - v) \partial_v g \\ + \frac{1}{2} \left(F^2 v \partial_{FF} g + \eta^2 v \partial_{vv} g + 2\eta F v \partial_{Fv} g \right) \end{aligned}$$

How to simulate $(F_t, v_t) \dots$

$$x_t = \log F_t \Rightarrow dx_t = -\frac{1}{2} v_t dt + \sqrt{v_t} dW_t^*$$

$$\begin{aligned} d(\log F_t) = & \left(0 + 0 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{F_t} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\cancel{F_t} \sqrt{v_t} \right)^2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{\cancel{F_t}} \right) \right) dt \\ & + \cancel{F_t} \sqrt{v_t} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\cancel{F_t}} \right) dW_t^* \end{aligned}$$

$$x_{tn} = x_{t_{n-1}} - \frac{1}{2} v_{t_{n-1}}^+ \Delta t + (v_{t_{n-1}}^+)^{1/2} \underline{z_n^1} \sqrt{\Delta t}$$

$$v_{tn} = v_{t_{n-1}} + k(\theta - v_{t_{n-1}}^+) \Delta t + \eta (v_{t_{n-1}}^+)^{1/2} \left(\rho \underline{z_n^1} + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} \underline{z_n^2} \right) \sqrt{\Delta t}$$

$$\underline{z_n^1}, \underline{z_n^2} \sim \mathcal{N} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}; \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$v^+ = \max(v, 0)$$

$$\frac{dF_t}{F_t} = \gamma \sqrt{v_t} dW_t^a$$

$$dW_t = \mu (1 - v_t) dt + \sigma \sqrt{v_t} dB_t^k$$