## STA 257 - Fall 2002

## Practice Problems 1

Recommended preparation for quiz to be held in tutorial on Wednesday, September 18

Sections from Schaeffer covered in the week of September 9: all of Chapter 1, Sections 2.1, 2.3, 3.1, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7 (excluding expectation (E) and variance (V) in the last 5 sections). Other sections to review: Section 2.2 (Set Notation), Section 2.4 (Counting Rules).

## Questions from the textbook (Schaeffer):

- 1. From Section 2.3: 2.5, 2.9
- 2. From Section 3.4: 3.25, 3.29
- 3. From Section 3.6: 3.43
- 4. From Section 3.7: 3.55
- 5. From Supplementary Exercises: 3.97, 3.109, 3.111, 3.113

## Additional questions:

- 6. Which of the following are probability functions? For those that are not, find (if possible) a constant a so that  $ap(\omega)$  is a probability function.

  - (a)  $p(\omega) = \frac{\omega^2}{55}$ ,  $\omega = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ (b)  $p(\omega) = (\frac{1}{3}) (\frac{2}{3})^{\omega}$ ,  $\omega = 3, 4, 5, 6, \dots$
  - (c)  $p(\omega) = 1$  for each  $\omega$  in a nine-member set S
  - (d)  $p(\omega) = 1$  for each  $\omega$  in a countably infinite set S
  - (e)  $p(\omega) = \omega, \ \omega = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, N$
  - (f)  $p(\omega) = \frac{1}{\omega}, \ \omega = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$

[Ans: (a) Yes, (b)  $a = \frac{27}{8}$ , (c)  $a = \frac{1}{9}$ , (d) Impossible, (e)  $a = \frac{2}{N(N+1)}$ , (f) Impossi-

- 7. Let probabilities of subsets of  $S = \mathbb{N}$  be given by the probability function p(k) = $Cke^{-3k}$  (k = 1, 2, 3, ...), where C is the constant  $e^{3}(1 - e^{-3})^{2}$ .
  - (a) Find the probability of the event  $\{1, 2, 3\}$ .
  - (b) Find the probability of the event  $\{2, 3, 4, \ldots\}$ .
  - (c) Check that the probabilities add to 1. [Hint: Ignore the constant C for the moment and show that the terms  $ke^{-3k}$  add to its reciprocal. To do this, replace the 3 by an x and notice that the sum of  $ke^{-kx}$  is the derivative of another series (consider the Maclaurin series for 1/(1-y)) that you can evaluate as a geometric series. Differentiate the sum of that series and then put 3 back in for x.]

[Ans: (a) 0.9995, (b) 0.0971]

Relevant sections in Schaeffer for lectures during the week of September 16: 4.1, 4.3, 4.4 (excluding expectation (E) and variance (V)).

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